



FINANCIAL INFORMATION

QUARTER-END REPORT

MARCH 31, 2014

VIRTRA SYSTEMS, INC.



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OTC PINK DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS

I. NAME OF THE ISSUER AND ITS PREDECESSORS (IF ANY WITHIN PAST FIVE YEARS)

VirTra Systems, Inc.

II. ADDRESS OF THE ISSUER'S PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES

Company Headquarters

7970 S. Kyrene Rd. Tempe,
AZ 85284
Telephone (480) 968-1488
www.virtra.com

IR Contact

Rudy Miller
The Miller Group
7025 North Scottsdale Road
Suite 235
Scottsdale, AZ 85253-3675
Telephone (602) 225-0505
rmiller@themillergroup.com

III. SECURITY INFORMATION

Trading Symbol: **VTSI**

CUSIP: **92827K 10 3**

Exact title and class of securities outstanding: **VIRTRA SYSTEMS, INC. PREFERRED STOCK**

Par or Stated Value: **\$0.005**

Total shares authorized: **2,000,000**

as of: **March 31, 2014**

Total shares outstanding: **0**

as of: **March 31, 2014**

Exact title and class of securities outstanding: **VIRTRA SYSTEMS, INC. COMMON STOCK**

Par or Stated Value: **\$0.005**

Total shares authorized: **500,000,000**

as of: **March 31, 2014**

Total shares outstanding: **158,285,045**

as of: **March 31, 2014**

Transfer Agent

Continental Stock and Transfer & Trust Company
17 Battery Place, 8th Floor
New York, NY 10004
Telephone (212) 509-4000
Fax (212) 616-7610

Is the Transfer Agent registered under the Exchange Act?

Yes. Continental Stock and Transfer & Trust Company is registered under the Exchange Act. Its regulatory authority is the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Banking Commission of New York.

List any restrictions on the transfer of security:

We previously were a shell company; therefore the exemption offered pursuant to Rule 144 is not available. Anyone who purchased securities directly or indirectly from us or any of our affiliates in a transaction or chain of transactions not involving a public offering cannot sell such securities in an open market transaction.

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC in the past 12 months:

None.

IV. ISSUANCE HISTORY

List below any events, in chronological order, that resulted in changes in total shares outstanding by the issuer in the past two fiscal years and any interim period. The list shall include all offerings of securities, whether private or public, and all shares or any other securities or options to acquire such securities issued for services, describing (1) the securities, (2) the persons or entities to whom such securities were issued and (3) the services provided by such persons or entities. The list shall indicate:

- The nature of each offering (e.g., Securities Act Rule 504, intrastate, etc.);
- Any jurisdictions where the offering was registered or qualified;
- The number of shares offered;
- The number of shares sold;
- The price at which the shares were offered, and the amount actually paid to the issuer;
- The trading status of the shares; and
- Whether the certificates or other documents that evidence the shares contain a legend (1) stating that the shares have not been registered under the Securities Act and (2) setting forth or referring to the restrictions on transferability and sale of the shares under the Securities Act.

Date	Number of Shares	Price Offered/Paid	Issued To	Nature of Transaction
	158,285,045		December 31, 2011; Total number of shares outstanding	
	-		No events	
	158,285,045		March 31, 2014; Total number of shares outstanding	

V. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEETS AS OF:

	March 31, 2014 (unaudited)	December 31, 2013 (audited)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 1,605,084	\$ 2,358,955
Accounts receivable.....	651,734	786,877
Inventory.....	572,356	407,434
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	107,734	44,902
Total current assets.....	2,936,908	3,598,168
Property and equipment, net.....	423,489	460,513
Total assets.....	<u>\$ 3,360,397</u>	<u>\$ 4,058,681</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable.....	\$ 282,897	\$ 289,820
Accrued compensation and related costs.....	317,020	588,097
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities.....	159,108	153,875
Deferred revenue.....	839,863	1,516,792
Total current liabilities.....	1,598,888	2,548,584
Long-term liabilities:		
Accrued rent liability - long-term.....	132,586	144,990
Total liabilities.....	<u>1,731,474</u>	<u>2,693,574</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock \$0.005 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.....	-	-
Common stock \$0.005 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 158,328,245 shares issued and 158,285,045 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.....	791,641	791,641
Additional paid-in capital.....	13,169,477	13,144,044
Treasury stock at cost, 43,200 common shares as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.....	(2,981)	(2,981)
Accumulated deficit.....	(12,329,214)	(12,567,597)
Total stockholders' equity.....	<u>1,628,923</u>	<u>1,365,107</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity.....	<u>\$ 3,360,397</u>	<u>\$ 4,058,681</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE PERIOD (unaudited):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Net revenues.....	\$ 1,961,650	\$ 2,489,666
Cost of products sold.....	751,192	752,427
Gross margin.....	1,210,458	1,737,239
General and administrative expenses.....	972,882	1,203,879
Income from operations.....	237,576	533,360
Other income/(expense):		
Other income.....	807	28
Other expense.....	-	(3,411)
Net other income/(expense).....	807	(3,383)
Income before income taxes.....	238,383	529,977
Income tax expense/(benefit).....	-	-
Net income.....	<u>\$ 238,383</u>	<u>\$ 529,977</u>
Weighted average of common and common equivalent shares outstanding:		
-Basic.....	158,285,045	158,285,045
Net income per common and common equivalent share:		
-Basic.....	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT) (unaudited):

	<u>Common stock</u>		<u>Additional paid-in capital</u>	<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2013.....	158,285,045	\$ 791,641	\$ 13,032,498	\$ (2,981)	\$ (14,148,373)	\$ (327,215)
Net income.....	-	-	-	-	1,580,776	1,580,776
Stock-based compensation.....	-	-	111,546	-	-	111,546
Balance at December 31, 2013.....	158,285,045	791,641	13,144,044	(2,981)	(12,567,597)	1,365,107
Net income.....	-	-	-	-	238,383	238,383
Stock-based compensation.....	-	-	25,433	-	-	25,433
Balance at March 31, 2014.....	<u>158,285,045</u>	<u>\$ 791,641</u>	<u>\$ 13,169,477</u>	<u>\$ (2,981)</u>	<u>\$ (12,329,214)</u>	<u>\$1,628,923</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD (unaudited):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income.....	\$ 238,383	\$ 529,977
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization.....	52,024	56,067
Stock-based compensation.....	25,433	26,598
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable.....	135,143	(263,673)
Inventory.....	(164,922)	(12,715)
Prepaid expenses and other assets.....	(62,832)	791
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses.....	(285,171)	30,434
Deferred revenue.....	(676,929)	(551,119)
Net cash provided by operating activities.....	(738,871)	(183,640)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment.....	(15,000)	(970)
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(15,000)	(970)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Draws on line of credit.....	-	150,000
Repayments of line of credit.....	-	(150,000)
Payments on term loan.....	-	(19,843)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities.....	-	(19,843)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	(753,871)	(204,453)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period.....	2,358,955	372,119
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period.....	\$ 1,605,084	\$ 167,666
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest.....	\$ 7,738	\$ 2,668
Taxes.....	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Business Operations

VirTra Systems, Inc. (the “Company” or “VirTra”) is engaged in the sale and development of judgmental use of force training simulators and firearms training simulators for law enforcement, military and commercial uses. The Company sells simulators and related products worldwide through a direct sales force and international distribution partners. The original business started in 1993 as Ferris Productions, Inc. In September 2001, Ferris Productions, Inc. merged with GameCom, Inc. to ultimately become VirTra Systems, Inc., a Texas Corporation. The corporate office is located in Tempe, Arizona. All transactions are denominated in US dollars.

Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

The Company’s financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant accounting estimates in these financial statements include valuation assumptions for share-based payments, allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, inventory reserves, accrual for warranty reserves, the carrying value of long-lived assets, income tax valuation allowances and capitalization of labor and overhead to inventory for work in progress. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments approximates their carrying values at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 due to their short maturities or for long-term debt based on borrowing rates currently available to the Company for loans with similar terms and maturities. These financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and debt.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of 90 days or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company recognizes an allowance for losses on accounts receivable based on an analysis of historical bad debt experience, current receivables aging, and expected future write-offs, as well as an assessment of specific identifiable customer accounts considered at risk or uncollectible. Accounts receivable are charged off after all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, management has determined all receivable balances to be fully collectible and accordingly, no allowance was recognized at such time. Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing and are generally unsecured.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost being determined on the first-in, first-out method. Work in progress and finished goods inventory includes an allocation for capitalized labor and overhead. The Company routinely evaluates the carrying value of inventory and provides reserves when appropriate to reduce inventory to the lower of cost or market to reflect estimated net realizable value. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, management has determined all inventory is salable at prices greater than cost and accordingly, no reserve has been recognized at March 31, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost, net of depreciation. Gains or losses related to retirements or disposition of fixed assets are recognized in operations in the period incurred. Costs of normal repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred, while betterments or renewals are capitalized. Depreciation commences at the time the assets are placed in service. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated economic lives of the assets or for leasehold improvements, over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the remaining lease term, which are summarized as follows:

Computer equipment.....	3 - 5 years
Furniture and office equipment.....	5 - 7 years
Leasehold improvements.....	7 years

Revenue Recognition and Deferred Revenue

Net revenues include sales of products and services. Product sales consist of simulators, upgrade components, scenarios, scenario software, recoil kits, Threat-Fire® and other accessories. Services include limited warranties and related support. The Company recognizes revenue for these products and services when it is realized or realizable and earned. Revenue is considered realized and earned when: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (ii) delivery has occurred and/or services have been rendered; (iii) the price is fixed and determinable; and (iv) collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Shipping fees are charged to customers and recorded as a component of net revenues. All sales and sales contracts, including international sales, have been denominated in US dollars.

Milestone Method

During 2013, the Company entered into a contract that consisted of multiple elements. The multiple elements consisted of the development and delivery of the product, the delivery of the spare parts and an extended warranty. The Company identified all goods and/or services that were to be delivered separately under the contract and allocated revenue to each deliverable based on relative fair values. Fair values are generally established based on the prices charged when sold separately by the Company or based upon estimated selling price.

The development and delivery of product (the “arrangement”) was accounted for under the Milestone Method. The arrangement consists of five major milestones. The milestones are 1) Requirements Review, 2) Design Review, 3) Critical Design Review, 4) Factory Acceptance Testing, and 5) Final Acceptance. Each of the milestones is considered substantive as the consideration is commensurate with our anticipated efforts to achieve the milestone, the consideration for each milestone relates solely to past performance and no portion of the milestone consideration is refundable or adjusted after the milestone has been reached. Further, the consideration is reasonable relative to all of the deliverables and payment terms within the arrangement. The first three milestones have been completed as of December 31, 2013. Revenue recognized during the year ended December 31, 2013 as a result of milestones completed is \$974,472.

Revenue from the delivery of spare parts and the extended warranty will be recognized upon delivery and acceptance by the customer and, proportionally over the warranty period, respectively.

Products

Revenue from the sale of products is recognized when title and risk of loss passes to the customer. Delivery is considered complete when products have been shipped to the customer, title and risk of loss has transferred to the customer and customer acceptance has been satisfied. For customers other than United States federal agencies, the Company generally requires deposits in advance of shipment for customer sales orders. Customer deposits are recorded as a current liability under deferred revenue on the accompanying balance sheet and totaled \$273,102 and \$1,140,800 as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Services

Services include separately priced extended limited warranties on parts and labor, and technical support. Revenue is recognized for service contracts as earned, which is generally on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract. The Company does warranty its products from manufacturing defects on a limited basis for a period of one year after purchase, but also sells separately priced extended warranties for periods of up to four years after the expiration of the standard one year warranty. After the one year standard warranty expires and during the term of the extended warranty, if the device fails to operate properly from defects in materials and workmanship, the Company will fix or replace the defective product. Deferred revenue for separately priced extended warranties totaled \$566,761 and \$375,992 as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company's accrual for the one-year manufacturer's warranty liability totaled \$40,000 as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013.

Cost of products sold

Cost of products sold represents manufacturing costs, consisting of materials, labor and overhead related to finished goods and components. Shipping costs incurred related to product delivery are included in cost of products sold.

Advertising Costs

Costs associated with advertising are expensed as incurred. These costs include domestic and international trade shows, website, and sales promotional materials.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs primarily include expenses directly related to research and development support.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Major Customers and Suppliers

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are maintained with financial institutions with high credit standings. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2014, the Company had uninsured cash and cash equivalents of \$1,249,598 and \$1,975,496, respectively.

Sales are typically made on credit and the Company generally does not require collateral. Management performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and maintains an allowance for estimated losses. Historically, the Company has experienced minimal charges relative to doubtful accounts.

The Company currently purchases small machined parts, custom cartridge assemblies and electronic components from suppliers located in the United States. Although the Company currently obtains many of these components from single source suppliers, the Company could seek to have the parts, customer cartridges and electronic components manufactured elsewhere. As a result, management believes it could obtain alternative suppliers in most cases without incurring significant production delays. The Company acquires its components on a purchase order basis and does not have long-term contracts with suppliers.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the difference between the financial statement and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company calculates a provision for income taxes using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized by identifying the temporary differences arising from the different treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. In determining the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statements or tax returns, judgment and interpretation of statutes are required.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management assesses the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income, and to the extent that recovery is not likely or there is insufficient operating history, a valuation allowance is established. The Company adjusts the valuation allowance in the period management determines it is more likely than not that net deferred tax assets will or will not be realized. As of December 31, 2013, the Company has

provided a valuation allowance for all net deferred tax assets due to the Company not attaining a level of contract backlog, or recurring revenue, to assure future taxable income.

As of December 31, 2013, the Company did not recognize any assets or liabilities relative to uncertain tax positions. Interest or penalties, if any, will be recognized in income tax expense. Since there are no significant unrecognized tax benefits as a result of tax positions taken, there are no accrued penalties or interest. Tax positions are positions taken in a previously filed tax return or positions expected to be taken in a future tax return that are reflected in measuring current or deferred income tax assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements. Tax positions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- an allocation or shift of income between taxing jurisdictions;
- the characterization of income or a decision to exclude reportable taxable income in a tax return; or
- a decision to classify a transaction, entity or other position in a tax return as tax exempt.

The Company reflects tax benefits only if it is more likely than not that the Company will be able to sustain the tax return position, based on its technical merits. If a tax benefit meets this criterion, it is measured and recognized based on the largest amount of benefit that is cumulatively greater than 50% likely to be realized.

The Company is potentially subject to tax audits for its United States federal and Arizona state income tax returns for tax years ended 2011 to 2013; however, earlier years may be subject to audit under certain circumstances. Tax audits by their very nature are often complex and can require several years to complete.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

Long lived assets, such as equipment, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flows or appraised values, depending on the nature of the asset. Assets to be disposed of, if any, would be separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of their carrying amounts or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company calculates the fair value of stock-based awards using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing valuation model, which incorporates various assumptions including volatility, expected term and risk-free interest rates. The assumptions used for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the resulting estimates of weighted-average fair value per share of options granted during those periods, are as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>
Volatility.....	114% to 116%	113% to 116%
Risk-free interest rate.....	2% to 3%	1% to 3%
Dividend rate.....	-	-
Expected term.....	7 years	7 years
Weighted average fair value of options granted.....	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.04

The expected term of the options represents the estimated period of time until exercise and is based on historical experience of similar awards, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and expectations of future employee behavior. Expected stock price volatility is based on historical volatility of the Company's stock. The risk-free interest rate is based on the implied yield available on United States Treasury zero-coupon issues with an equivalent remaining term. The Company has not paid dividends in the past and does not plan to pay any dividends in the near future. The estimated fair value of stock-based compensation awards and other options is amortized to expense on a straight line basis over the relevant vesting period. As share-based compensation expense recognized is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, it is reduced for estimated forfeitures. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and

revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company's forfeiture rate was calculated based on its historical experience of awards which ultimately vested.

New Accounting Pronouncements

No recent accounting pronouncements or changes in accounting pronouncements during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 are of significance or potential significance to us.

2. Inventory

Inventory consisted of the following as of December 31:

	<u>March 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>
Raw materials.....	\$ 501,163	\$ 393,830
Work-in-progress.....	71,193	13,604
Finished goods.....	-	-
Total inventory.....	<u>\$ 572,356</u>	<u>\$ 407,434</u>

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of:

	<u>March 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>
Computer equipment.....	\$ 393,889	\$ 382,967
Furniture and office equipment.....	545,704	545,704
Leasehold improvements.....	260,817	259,366
Total property and equipment in use.....	1,200,410	1,188,037
Less: Accumulated depreciation.....	(811,053)	(759,029)
Property and equipment in use, net.....	389,357	429,008
Construction-in-progress.....	34,132	31,505
Property and equipment, net.....	<u>\$ 423,489</u>	<u>\$ 460,513</u>

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 construction-in-progress includes leasehold improvements that were in-progress at year end. Depreciation expense was \$52,024 and \$56,066 for the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

4. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following at:

	<u>March 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>
Standard one-year manufacturer's warranty.....	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000
State and local taxes.....	104,108	98,875
Insurance premiums payable.....	-	-
Other.....	15,000	15,000
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities.....	<u>\$ 159,108</u>	<u>\$ 153,875</u>

5. Related Party Transactions

The Company reimburses its executive officers for business expenses charged to personal credit cards. The Company makes monthly payments directly to the card issuer for these business expenses incurred on behalf of the Company.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Lease Obligations

The Company's operating lease obligations primarily relate to a facility lease for the Company's corporate office space located at 7970 South Kyrene Road, Tempe, Arizona 85284, which expires in December, 2015, unless renewed. Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows (years ended December 31):

2014.....	271,649
2015.....	316,923
Total.....	<u>\$ 588,572</u>

The Company has recognized a liability of \$132,586 and \$144,990 as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, relative to the increasing future minimum lease payments in the above table. Rent expense was \$67,912 and \$48,700 for the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

General or Threatened Litigation

From time to time, the Company is notified of threatened litigation or that a claim is being made against it. The Company's policy is to not disclose the specifics of any claim or threatened lawsuit until such complaint is actually served on the Company. After consultation with appropriate legal counsel, if it is determined that the Company is not at fault, the Company will defend itself accordingly. Although we do not expect the outcome in any pending individual case to be material, the out- come of any litigation is inherently uncertain and there can be no assurance that any expense, liability or damages that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will be covered by our insurance or will not be in excess of amounts provided by insurance coverage and will not have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results or financial condition. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, the Company has no accrual for general or threatened litigation and the Company believes its exposure to be de minimis in nature.

Employment Agreements

On April 2, 2012, the Company entered into three-year Employment Agreements with its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer that call for base annual salaries of \$195,000 and \$175,000, respectively, subject to cost of living adjustments, and contain automatic one-year extension provisions. Capitalized terms in this note are defined in the Employment Agreements. If the Company's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Operating Officer are terminated by the Company for any reason other than for Cause, or if the Executive voluntarily terminates his own employment for Good Reason but not including a Change in Control, then the Company shall, subject to the terms of the Employment Agreements, be obligated to pay the Executive an amount equal to the product of the greater of (a) the Executive's annual base salary in effect on the day preceding the date of such termination or (b) the Executive's annual base salary during the twelve full calendar months pre- ceding the date of such termination, times three. This payment shall be payable in 18 equal monthly payments commencing on the first day of the month following the month in which the termination occurs. If a Change of Control of the Company occurs while the Executive is an employee of the Company and within 36 months from the date of such Change in Control the Company terminates the Executive's employment for any reason (except for the death or disability of the Executive or for Cause) or the Executive terminates his employment for any reason, then the Company shall, subject to certain limitations, pay the Executive any earned and accrued but unpaid base salary through the date of termination plus an amount of severance pay equal to the product of the greater of (a) the Executive's annual base salary in effect on the day preceding the date on which the Change of Control occurred or (b) the Executive's annual base salary during the twelve full calendar months preceding the date on which the Change of Control occurred, times four.

7. Line of Credit

The Company has a line of credit agreement with a financial institution with maximum availability of \$750,000. The line of credit is secured by the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory and bears interest at varying rates, which at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was prime plus 1.5%, with a floor of 5.0%. Interest expense was approximately \$0 for the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The effective rate of interest for the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was 5.0%. The line of credit, which was amended and renewed in August 2013, primarily to include borrowing against received domestic purchase orders, matures in August 2014, and requires monthly payments of interest only. The line of credit is guaranteed by a related party. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were no amounts outstanding under the line of credit.

8. Term Loan Payable

As of December 31, 2013 there were no amounts outstanding under the term loan with Arizona Bank & Trust. During the third quarter of 2013, the Company paid Arizona Bank & Trust the outstanding amount of \$164,111, satisfying all obligations of the agreement.

Monthly payments were \$7,501 consisting of principal and interest, and the loan would have matured in August, 2015. Interest expense was approximately zero and \$7,700 for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. Interest was 5.0% per annum based on a year of 360 days. The term loan was secured by the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory and was guaranteed by a related party.

9. Stockholders' Equity

Authorized Capital

The Company has authorized the issuance of two classes of stock designated as "common stock" and "preferred stock," each having a par value of \$0.005 per share. The Company is authorized to issue 500,000,000 shares of common stock and 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

Treasury Stock

The Company did not repurchase any stock in the quarter ending March 31, 2014 or in 2013.

Stock Options

The Company periodically issues non-qualified incentive stock options to key employees, officers and directors under a plan approved by the Board of Directors in 2009. Terms of option grants are at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has also approved a quarterly grant of 50,000 stock options to each of the Company's three directors, with an additional 100,000 stock options for the Chief Executive Officer and an additional 50,000 stock options for the Secretary of the Company. Effective April 1, 2012, the Board of Directors changed the quarterly grant to a total of 100,000 stock options per quarter to the CEO, 75,000 stock options per quarter to the COO/Secretary, and 50,000 stock options per quarter to any board member not an employee of the Company.

10. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the accompanying financial statements were issued, which was May 15, 2014. No events have occurred which require further disclosure.

VI. ISSUER'S BUSINESS, PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS OPERATIONS

VirTra develops, sells and supports judgment and marksmanship firearms training systems and accessories for law enforcement, military, or civilian use. VirTra's simulators use software, hardware, and content to create uniquely effective and realistic training that does not require live ammunition or less-than-lethal munitions, which can both save money and provide certain training capabilities unavailable to live fire exercises. VirTra has developed a higher standard in simulation training with several exclusive capabilities, including multi-screen video based scenarios, unique scenario authoring ability, superior training scenarios, the patented Threat-Fire™ shoot-back system, powerful gas-powered simulated recoil weapons, and more.

DATE AND STATE OF INCORPORATION

The original business started in 1993 as Ferris Productions, Inc. In September 2001, Ferris Productions, Inc. merged with GameCom, Inc. to ultimately become VirTra Systems, Inc., a Texas Corporation. The corporate name was changed to VirTra Systems, Inc. (VirTra) on April 30, 2002.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SIC CODES

The issuer's primary SIC Code is: 3699-0300 Electronic Training Devices.

The issuer's secondary SIC Code is: 7373 Computer Integrated Systems Design

FISCAL YEAR END DATE IS DECEMBER 31

PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, AND THEIR MARKETS

VirTra's principal products include the following:

- V-300™ Simulator – a 300° wrap-around screen with video capability is the higher standard for simulation training
- V-180™ Simulator – a 180° screen with video capability is for smaller spaces or smaller budgets
- V-100™ Simulator – a single-screen based system that can be upgraded to higher level simulators
- V-Range™ Simulator – a hyper-realistic simulated shooting range simulator, sold in per lane configurations
- Top SME Content – content supplied with our simulators is approved by top Subject Matter Experts (SME)
- V-Author™ Software – allows users to create, edit, and train with content specific to agency's objectives
- Simulated Recoil – a wide range of highly realistic and reliable simulated recoil kits/weapons
- Return Fire Device – the patented Threat-Fire™ device which applies real-world stress on the trainees during simulation training

VirTra's principal markets include both domestic and international:

- Military firearms simulation training
- Law Enforcement firearms and judgmental use-of-force simulation training
- Security Agencies and Civilian firearms simulation training

VirTra considers some or all of the markets listed above could experience expansion, due to several ever-changing factors. First, simulation training can save money as compared with live fire and in times of constricting budgets, money savings are often prioritized. Live fire training is very expensive due to ammunition costs, safety and environmental considerations, so simulation training can actually save money in many instances. Second, by using realistic human actors, trainees can be more adequately prepared for threats from any direction while interacting with humans in complex 360° environments (this is not possible with shooting ranges). While VirTra strongly believes live fire training is and will remain a critical component of training, the market may witness a shrinking of live fire training due to the rising cost of ammunition, limited range time, increasing regulatory environment hostile to any new live fire ranges, and training limitations as compared with state-of-the-art firearms simulation training.

Market Penetration

VirTra has hundreds of simulators installed at this time in the US and worldwide. However, VirTra's products are relatively new to their respective markets and management thinks VirTra is in the early stages of market penetration for all three markets.

Distribution Channels

VirTra directly markets and sells its products throughout the United States. VirTra also works with various companies throughout the world to distribute its products or serve as prime contractor on particular programs. For product sales outside the United States, VirTra relies on carefully selected professional distributors or agents to sell its products into the territories they know best.

Suppliers

VirTra produces some of their own products as well as relies on a variety of suppliers. VirTra does not expect to encounter delays with its suppliers in the future that would have a material impact on the Company, but supplier delays could occur in the future and could adversely affect the Company.

The Need for Realistic Training

The world can be a very dangerous place. Both warfighters and law enforcement officers are expected to make the correct decision, with excellent marksmanship, in split-second life-and-death situations. The better and more realistic the training, the greater the chance the trainee will succeed when lives hang in the balance and threats are real. Customers buy VirTra's simulator for realistic training so that a trainee has a better chance to survive lethal encounters as well as avoid the injury or death of others, whenever it is avoidable.

Return Fire

One overwhelming factor in a real engagement is the fact that threats can cause harm or even death; this weighs heavily upon the trainee and certainly affects their responses. VirTra invented the patented Threat-Fire™ device, which safely simulates return fire with a split-second electric shock. VirTra and many instructors consider this ability to safely simulate return fire enhances the effectiveness of any simulation and forces trainees to take the training more seriously.

Licensing

VirTra licenses its software or other intellectual property to other companies from time to time, when such licensing makes business sense to VirTra and would enhance training effectiveness.

Service and Support

VirTra is committed to providing exceptional service and support for its customers. If a problem is encountered, VirTra service and engineering employees go the extra mile to ensure the issue is resolved quickly and efficiently. VirTra has a long tradition of standing behind its products.

Competition

Competitors include, but are not limited to, the following: Cubic Defense Applications, IES Interactive Training Inc., Laser Shot, Meggitt, and Ti Training.

VII. ISSUER'S FACILITIES

VirTra's headquarters is located at: 7970 S. Kyrene Road, Tempe, AZ 85284. To accommodate future growth, on July 8, 2010 VirTra signed a sixty-five month lease with a commencement date of August 1, 2010 and expiring December 31, 2015. The stand-alone building is approximately 40,000 square feet with 80 parking spaces. Approximately 50% of the building is production space and warehouse. The other 50% is office space. It is fully air-conditioned.

VIII. OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND CONTROL PERSONS

A. Names of Officers, Directors, and Control Persons. Provided are the names of each of the issuer's executive officers, directors, general partners and control persons (control persons are beneficial owners of more than five percent (5%) of any class of the issuer's equity securities), as of the date of this information statement.

Name	Position(s)	Date of Appointment
Bob Ferris	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors	05/13/08
Matt Burlend	Chief Operating Officer and Secretary	12/30/08
Jeff Brown	Board of Directors Member	08/10/11

B. Legal/Disciplinary History. The list below identifies if any of the foregoing persons have, in the last five years, been the subject of:

1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
None
2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;
None
3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated;
None
4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.
None

C. Beneficial Shareholders. Provided is a list of the name, address and shareholdings or the percentage of shares owned by all persons beneficially owning more than ten percent (10%) of any class of the issuer's equity securities. If any of the beneficial shareholders are corporate shareholders, the name and address of the person(s) owning or controlling such corporate shareholders and the resident agents of the corporate shareholders is provided.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Officer or Director	Amount of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Robert Ferris 7970 S. Kyrene Rd. Tempe, AZ 85284	CEO & Director	15,689,915	9.9%

IX. THIRD PARTY PROVIDERS

Listed below are the name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of each outside provider that advises the issuer on matters relating to operations, business development and disclosure:

Intellectual Property and Business Counsel

Mark F. Wright
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1959 South Power Road, Suite 103-376
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Telephone (480) 270-4926
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Public Relations and Business Consultants

Rudy Miller
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7025 North Scottsdale Road
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Scottsdale, AZ 85253-3675
Telephone (602) 225-0505
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Auditor

Robert Semple
Semple, Marchal & Cooper, LLP
2700 North Central Avenue, Ninth Floor
Phoenix, AZ 85004
Telephone (602) 241-1500
rms@semplecpa.com

X. ISSUER CERTIFICATION

I, **Robert D. Ferris**, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual disclosure statement of VirTra Systems, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Date: May 15, 2014

/s/ Robert D. Ferris

CEO/Member